

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

E6000 JEWELRY & BEAD CLEAR

## **Section 1. Identification**

: 🗾 🗲 6000 JEWELRY & BEAD CLEAR

Product name Product code

: 1000132JB

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Adhesive.

Supplier's details	:	Eclectic Products LLC 990 Owen Loop North Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621
Responsible name	÷	Regulatory Affairs
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 001-352-323-3500 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H315 + H320 - Causes skin and eye irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Otomore	
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene	≥50 - ≤71 ≥10 - ≤25 ≤0.3	127-18-4 9003-55-8 4420-74-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing	

## Section 4. First aid measures

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate mediate	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/12/2021 Version : 2.06 3/13

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

	disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
tetrachloroethylene Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Notes: Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen. Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124) : 36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL. Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. STEL: 685 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. None.
3-trimethoxysilylpropane-1-thiol	None.
controls lo Environmental exposure : E controls the controls the control contr	user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, ocal exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to irborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Imissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ney comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment <i>i</i> ll be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures : V e A C C	Vash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ontaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety howers are close to the workstation location.
a g ti	afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ssessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless ne assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
v n d n g	chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be yorn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ecessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check uring use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be oted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different love manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the rotection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Gel]
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 3.86 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 97.222 to 110°C (207 to 230°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: >110°C (>230°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Evaporation rate	: <1 (Water = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: 1.7 kPa (13 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.35 to 1.37
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 155.9 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (15590 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/12/2021 Version : 2.06 6/13

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tetrachloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor		20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		5000 mg/kg 2629 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
tetrachloroethylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	162 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 810	-
				mg	
Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
with 1,3-butadiene				mg	
3-trimethoxysilylpropane-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1-thiol					

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
tetrachloroethylene Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene	-	2A 3	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure

Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
E6000 LV CLEAR	2654.7	5048.9	N/A	20.2	N/A
tetrachloroethylene	2629	5000	N/A	20	N/A
3-trimethoxysilylpropane-1-thiol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tetrachloroethylene	Acute EC50 200 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 504 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elminius modestus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.40071 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Jordanella floridae - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	32 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tetrachloroethylene	2.53	49	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other educres offects	No known aignifiaant offacta ar aritig

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT TDG Classification Classification		Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	<mark>₩</mark> N1897	UN1897	UN1897	UN1897	UN1897
UN proper shipping name	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture
Transport hazard class(es)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

DOT Classification	<ul> <li>This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.</li> <li><u>Reportable quantity</u> 100 lbs / 45.4 kg [8.8187 gal / 33.382 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</li> <li><u>Limited quantity</u> Yes.</li> <li><u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo aircraft: 220 L.</li> <li><u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity : &lt;1.0 gal</li> </ul>
TDG Classification	<ul> <li>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).</li> <li>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5</li> <li>Passenger Carrying Vessel Index 60</li> </ul>
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-A
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> <li><u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 30 kg.</li> <li><u>Remarks</u> ID8000, Consumer Commodity may continue to be used according to 173.167</li> </ul>
Special precautions for user	: <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	1
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	

Composition/information on	inaredients
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No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification	
tetrachloroethylene	≥50 - ≤71	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	
Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene	≥10 - ≤25	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	
3-trimethoxysilylpropane-1-thiol	≤0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	E6000 LV CLEAR	-	≥90
Supplier notification	E6000 LV CLEAR	-	≥90

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

# State regulations Massachusetts : The following components are listed: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE New York : The following components are listed: Tetrachloroethylene; Ethylene, tetrachloro New Jersey : The following components are listed: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE; ETHENE, TETRACHLORO Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ETHENE, TETRACHLORO California Prop. 65 : The following components are listed: ETHENE, TETRACHLORO

#### MARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

•	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Tetrachloroethylene	Yes.	-

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

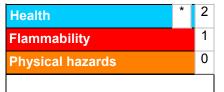
#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

#### Inventory list

:	All components are listed or exempted.
:	All components are listed or exempted.
1	All components are listed or exempted.
1	Not determined.
:	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
:	All components are listed or exempted.
:	All components are listed or exempted.
:	All components are listed or exempted.
1	All components are listed or exempted.
:	Not determined.
1	Not determined.
:	Not determined.
:	Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

## Section 16. Other information



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/12/2021
Version	: 2.06
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	· Not available

#### References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.